

Iron County Register.

F. P. AKE, Publisher.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a-Year in Advance.

VOLUME LVI.

IRONTON MO. THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1922.

NUMBER 6

Washington Correspondence.

BY WALLACE BASSFORD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—Republican leadership in the House has degenerated to that point where it can hardly be described without the use of the word maudlin; from the days and dimensions of men like Reed and Cannon to the times and antics of Mondell and Campbell it is surely a far cry. Campbell's mystified maneuvers and the Woodruff-Johnson resolution calling for Congressional investigation of Daugherty's laxity in prosecuting war graft are very suggestive of a muddled mind and a monumental cowardice. The logic dwelling in the average man's mind causes him to wonder what knowledge of guilt on the part of big Republicans may cause the leaders to refuse at all cost to permit the lifting of the veil which partly covers the doings of the Department of Justice.

It will be recalled that when the Republicans, with the aid of every interest that could not use President Wilson, carried the House in 1918, the first thing they did was to create the Graham Smelling Committee, whose purpose was to dig up enough Democratic venality in connection with war contracts to damn the party for forty years to come. That committee sat and labored through winter's snow and summer's sun and finally reported that the finger of suspicion pointed in the direction of one great corporation—the Standard Steel Company of Pittsburgh, controlled by Andrew W. Mellon, who, shortly thereafter, was appointed by the President to take complete charge of the people's funds in his capacity as Secretary of the Treasury. The ardor which the Republicans showed in creating the Graham Committee and in giving it plenteous funds and sweeping authority is sadly missing when it is now proposed to investigate one of the members of the Republican cabinet.

After the Committee on Rules had favorably voted the Woodruff-Johnson resolution out of the Committee, pressure from some high source must have been exerted upon Chairman Campbell to cause him to at first fail to report the resolution, and later to refuse to report it and finally to have the Committee vote to rescind its action. It must be humiliating to Republicans in the country to read of such performances on the part of the men they elected to Congress. When the matter came up in the House two Democrats signally distinguished themselves by the power, lucidity and ability of their utterances—Finis Garrett of Tennessee and Walton Moore of Virginia. Their speeches pointed out clearly the merits of the controversy and held the Republicans up to a richly merited ridicule. Mr. Garrett concluded with these words:

"Mr. Speaker, it is extremely painful to have to indulge in this sort of talk, but I wish it understood here and now that never at any time during the Democratic administration, or now, has there been an objection from any individual, from any former President of the United States down to every man who had any discretion in official activity, to an investigation. The gentleman from Kansas makes an assault upon the past administration. The committee that you would create, if the gentleman had stood by his vote, would investigate the past administration. It would add to the Graham investigation, if it could. The House organization is in the hands of the Republicans. The Republicans would not suffer any injustice by a committee that might be appointed, and the Democrats would be investigated and the Democratic administration would be investigated as well as the Republicans, and they are ready for it. (Applause on the Democratic side.)

"I have a letter from the Attorney General of the United States, a man who was assailed more viciously, probably, than any official in high life, except the President himself, by the Republicans, during the latter part of his administration. I can not read all of the letter because I have not the time. He knows this committee would investigate him and he invites the investigation. What does your Attorney General say?"

The letter of former Attorney General Palmer gives the facts as to all the big cases which were handled by him as Alien Property Custodian; referring to the Bosch Magneto case he said:

"The Bosch Magneto Company was German to the core. Before we entered the war its management violated our neutrality in the most infamous fashion. Its officers sought to conceal its true ownership behind a

camouflage or American stockholders. They finally made sworn report, however, declaring all the stock to be enemy owned, and I thereupon took charge of the company. In the investigation as to its ownership Otto Heins, representing the German owners, declared its value to be \$3,500,000. Its stock was finally sold through my direction at an open public auction sale, after wide advertisement, for \$4,150,000 to the highest bidder, representing a syndicate of more than a hundred bankers who organized a new corporation to make the business a 100 per cent American enterprise."

Funds Available to Build Roads.

The \$350,000,000 appropriated by Congress as Federal aid in conjunction with state funds will result in construction of about 46,000 miles of road, says the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture. This mileage would parallel the railroad from New York to San Francisco nearly 15 times, or if divided equally among the states, parallel the road in New York state. The status of road building on April 30 was as follows: In projects entirely complete, a total of 16,375 miles; under construction, 13,950 miles in projects, averaging 62 per cent complete. A considerable part of the latter mileage is actually complete and in service. In addition, funds have been allotted 7,511 miles, much of which will come under construction during the present season. Besides this there is still available for new projects \$60,148,000, which on the same basis as previous Federal-aid construction will result in the construction of 8,200 miles of highway. In March the fund available for new projects was taken up at the rate of \$12,000,000 a month and at the rate of \$5,700,000 in April.

No More Homesteads Here.

At last all of Missouri's public land is gone. The land office at Springfield, only survivor of fifteen such offices, is to be closed and the records sent to Washington to be filed in the vaults of the Department of the Interior. There is no more land left for either the homesteader or the speculator. The announcement cannot fail to cause a feeling of regret, although for several years only about 1,000 acres of poor hilly land has been available.

In the year 1905 the various land offices were consolidated and their records moved to Springfield, practically all the land in Northern Missouri having been before taken up. Under a ruling of Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock all the government land in Missouri was then opened to cash entry at \$1.25 per acre, in any amount, the limit up to that time having been 320 acres. This was the speculator's opportunity, and thousands of acres were quickly gobbled up by individuals and corporations, a large part of which, in Southern Missouri, still lies unimproved, awaiting the building of railroads.

Contract Let for Fredericktown Road.

(Greenville Sun.)

The State Highway Department awarded a contract last Friday to Dick H. Hogan, of Little Rock, Ark., to construct sixteen and one-half miles of state highway between Fredericktown and Coldwater, \$210,000.

When this lap of construction is completed it will open up a through direct state road between Poplar Bluff and St. Louis by way of Greenville, Fredericktown and Farmington. The awarding of this contract, which for some reason, has been delayed for many months, is welcome news to those living along that route. This stretch of road between Coldwater and Fredericktown, which is the only lap of unimproved road on the state highway between St. Louis and Poplar Bluff, and was a bugbear to tourists and has caused most of them to take some other route. With its completion practically all of the tourists traveling from St. Louis south through this section of the state will naturally take this route, because it is the most direct, and also because it will be one of the best roads in the state, traversing some of the most beautiful scenery for which the Ozark region is justly famous.

State Horticultural Society Plans Fruit Growers Meeting.

Every fruit grower or prospective fruit grower in Missouri should attend the Fruit Growers Meeting to be held July 14th, at the Missouri State Fruit Experiment Station, Mountain Grove, Missouri. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the

State Horticultural Society who has arranged an interesting schedule for the day, including an inspection of the grounds and a speaking program consisting of discussions of cultural practices and control measures by prominent growers and specialists in tree fruit and small fruit production. The vineyard will be of especial interest to grape growers and prospective grape growers. The grape industry is just now coming into prominence in the Ozarks. Anyone who is thinking of setting a vineyard can see just how it should be done by visiting the Station on the 14th. Ample transportation facilities from Springfield are being arranged for by the Agricultural Department of the Frisco Railroad. Come and help boost the fruit industry of Missouri by your presence.

Democratic Women at Bismarck.

Representatives of the women Democratic Clubs from the counties in the 13th Congressional District, met here today. A very large delegation of women from Ironton, Bellevue and throughout this District, were present. Mrs. Thornton L. Brown, State Organizer of Women's Clubs, was present and gave interesting instructions concerning this Congressional District organizations and predicted with a proper leader selected this district can be redeemed.

Dr. J. L. Eaton addressed the meeting. He paid a splendid tribute to mothers and the good judgment of women and made an eloquent plea for the ex-soldiers stating that the government had found means of raising enormous sums for other purposes and therefore must meet the legitimate demands of the soldiers. The meeting was in every way a success and we women feel we are now in position to put over the ideals for which the women stand.

Yours, respectfully,

MRS. GEO. J. GOELTZ,
President Bismarck Democratic Club.
Bismarck, Mo., June 26, 1922.

Republicans Demanding Resignations of Republican Officers.

Senator Capper asking for the resignation of Secretary Weeks recalls the fact that the demand by Republicans for the resignations of Republicans in high places in this administration is generally prevalent and is increasing in intensity. The Republican press, or that part of it which still retains its independence and influence with the public, is demanding the resignation of Attorney General Daugherty; the demands for Senator Newberry's resignation have been matters of record ever since his election; the Washington Herald which is still supposed to reflect the views of Secretary Hoover, although he is out of it as an owner, says that the sentiment in Congress is such that it may lead to a demand for Secretary Fall's resignation, which ought also to call for the resignation of Secretary of the Navy Denby on the theory that the tail goes with the hide; the job hunters are strongly in favor of the resignation of Secretary Mellon, which many think would have been forthcoming if he had been overruled in the matter of appointments in the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Still, as President Harding remarked, "Government is a very simple thing after all."

Hillsboro Democrat: "In the case of the State of Missouri vs. Otto and Jess Thomas charged as co-defendants in the alleged assassination of Andrew Deek in Herculaneum, which was tried last week before Circuit Judge Dearing at Potosi, the jury disagreed, standing 11 for acquittal and one for conviction. This is the second trial for these defendants before the same court for the same charge. In the other trial the jury stood 10 for acquittal and 2 for conviction. After the trial Attorney Terry and Prosecuting Attorney Kleinschmidt became involved in a controversy in which the latter accused the former of tampering with the jury, whereupon Attorney Terry accused Kleinschmidt of offering a negro a bribe to induce another negro by bribe to swear that still another negro who was being tried before the circuit court at Hillsboro, had committed murder. Both lawyers waxed warm and eloquent and at times it appeared imminent, before the controversy was halted by Judge Dearing, that the fur would fly, but it proved to be only a tempest in a teapot. The case against the Thomas brothers was adjourned until the August term of court. It was reported that Judge Dearing had expressed himself as unwilling to try this case again."

Ernst Otto Willi Rieke.

Ernst Otto Willi Rieke, was born in Germany, March, 26, 1889, and died at St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1922, aged 33 years and 3 months.

He came to Ironton from his home in Germany in February, 1913, and made his home with his uncle, Mr. August Rieke, now deceased. He remained in Ironton until 1920, when he went to Crystal City to work, returning to Ironton at frequent intervals until May of this year, when he obtained employment in St. Louis.

During his life among us he was well and favorably known by all. He was sober, industrious, faithful to every trust. He declared his intention of becoming a citizen of this country very shortly after his arrival, but owing to the outbreak of the war was unable to complete his citizenship until this last spring. He took a lively interest in all things of a civic character and was anxious to see improvements made.

He leaves a mother, brother, and two sisters, who reside in Germany, and one uncle, six cousins in America, to whom he was greatly attached and who truly mourn his death.

He was a member of the Lutheran Church from his childhood, and his moral character was above reproach.

Funeral services were conducted at the grave in the Masonic cemetery of Ironton by Rev. R. W. Stanfield, pastor of the Presbyterian church, in the presence of a large concourse of sympathizing relatives and friends.

S.

Des Arc Camp Meeting.

The 16th annual Camp Meeting given under the auspices of the Nazarene church at Des Arc, will be opened this year on July 15, to last two weeks. Rev. R. E. Dunham of Conway, Arkansas, will conduct the meeting and he is said to be an evangelist of eloquence and force.

Meals and beds will be furnished at the Nazarene Dormitory at Des Arc at very reasonable prices during the camp meeting or the public is invited to bring tents and camp on the ground.

Limited Knowledge.

"What kind of people are those who have just moved in next door to you?" asked Mrs. Gadder. "Oh, I never talk about my neighbors," replied Mrs. Herdso. "All I know about them is that their stuff came in one load, that only one of the bedsteads has any brass on it, most of the furniture looks old, there's six in the family, the children are all boys, they have two dogs, the man is about twenty years older than the woman, they had a squabble with the driver of the van when they settled with him and their name is Smith."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Emerson at College.

He found there but little nutriment suited to his appetite, and strayed off, though with some misgivings, to other pastures. In one of his journals long afterwards, he speaks of "the instinct which leads the youth who has no faculty for mathematics, and weeps over the impossible analytical geometry, to console his defeat with Chaucer and Montaigne, with Plutarch and Plato at night." ... In his own way he was industrious; feeling vaguely that, for him, power of expression was more important than philological or scientific training.—James Elliott Cabot.

At Home and Abroad.

A nine-year-old youngster who has a cultured mother and has received the most careful training all his young life, had his luncheon alone downtown recently. His family is exceedingly careful of his diet at home, but the boy placed on his own tray baked beans, a dill pickle and brick of ice cream. He timed himself to determine how quickly he could consume the beans with a soup spoon, used a knife and fork for the brick cream, and threw the pickle at a schoolmate who sat at an adjoining table.—Eldorado Times.

Don't Worry Over Loss of Leg.

One often sees among the stubble spiderlike creatures called harvestmen, which move swiftly on extraordinary link legs, over 20 times the length of the body. They hunt mostly by night, killing and sucking small insects and drinking drops of dew. If one is caught by the leg it surrenders it instantaneously and stalks away. The same sort of profitable surrender is exhibited by some spiders and some insects, such as grasshoppers, crickets and their relatives.

On the Go!

Few married women are really happy. Even if she marries a man after her own heart she is in mortal dread that he may, some day, be after another woman's heart.—Cartoons Magazine.

"Daisy, I'm glad you got Kellogg's Corn Flakes and fruit for supper. I'm so glad out with the heat that Kellogg's is the only food that would appeal to my appetite. It digests so easily and yet I know it is nourishing! Guess I'll have another helping. Those Kellogg's are certainly delicious."



Eat sensibly during the warm weather!
Kellogg's CORN FLAKES
are nourishing-refreshing-delicious

It's a long step for health and riddance of summer drowsiness and that sluggish feeling if you'll all stop eating so much heavy, greasy foods and let Kellogg's delicious Corn Flakes do your health a good turn! With cold milk and luscious fresh fruit, Kellogg's are extra delightful—so crisp, and appetizing.

Kellogg's Corn Flakes are nourishing and supply all the summer energy you need; yet, they digest easily and actually rest the stomach! On such a diet you'll feel so much better; your mind will be keener and you'll accomplish a lot more work—and help yourself keep cool and snappy and cheerful!



Also makers of KELLOGG'S KRUMBLER and KELLOGG'S BRAN, cooked and krumbled

Art and Free Will.

Determinism robs art of its fundamental right to exist—of its autonomous expression. It sweeps individual into the crowd and makes the crowd subservient to inflexible forces; it overlooks man's consciousness of his place in the universe; forget his temperamental preference and reduces him to a mechanism through which blind life operates as best it can do to no conclusion—it takes no heed of the teleology which gives art its glorious significance, its imperishable beauty.—Thomas G. Craven, in the Dial.

Original "Bill of Health."

A bill of health is a certificate issued to the master of a vessel when clearing from a port. When no disease of an infectious nature exists in the port, the bill is known as a clean bill of health; if infectious disease is suspected or there is possibility of such, it is called a suspected bill, while in case of such disease existing, it is known as a foul bill. The expression "clean bill of health" is often applied to individuals, who, after a physical examination, are found in perfect health.

Her Class.

The mistress was rather alarmed over her new girl's sudden illness until the latter explained matters. "You see, mum," she said, "I wasn't feeling well and I went to the closet, and there was a bottle marked 'Three drops for an infant, six for an adult, and a teaspoonful for an emetic.' I knew I wasn't an infant. I wasn't sure about an adult, so I thought I must be an emetic, and I took the spoonful."—Boston Transcript.

London Project of Third Century.

Walls said to have belonged to the original forum of Roman London were unearthed recently by workmen in Gracechurch street while laying postal cable. One wall four and a half feet thick and extending downward 13 feet appears to form a part of an inner chamber of a Roman building. Museum officials who have viewed the painted ornamentations on the walls have expressed the belief that the building was erected along about the Third or Fourth century.

Some Salesman.

Ed had a brother who owned a market. On Saturday it was Ed's delight to help in the store. One day a neighbor chanced in and finding Ed there she asked seriously: "Have you chickens today?" "Sure," responded the youngster, "we have all kinds, alive, dead, dressed and undressed."

Early Cretans.

Excavations in Crete have established the existence of a people whose form of civilization was the earliest in Europe. A huge palace has been unearthed at Knossos with a drainage system described as "absolutely English."

Weather Report.

Meteorological Report of Cooperative Observer at Ironton, Iron County, Mo., for the week ending Monday, June 19, 1922:

Days of Week.	Temperature		Precipitation
	Highest	Lowest	
Tuesday	13	94	71
Wednesday	14	97	72
Thursday	15	96	85
Friday	16	87	71
Saturday	17	92	71
Sunday	18	92	68
Monday	19	89	60

NOTE.—The precipitation includes rain, hail, sleet and melted snow, and is recorded in inches and hundredths. Ten inches of snow equal one inch of rain. "T" indicates trace of precipitation. ARCADIA COLLEGE Observer.

C. A. FULDNER, OPT. D.

—OF THE—
FIRM OF FULDNER & COMPANY.

(Successors to Fuldner & Kitchin.)

Marina Bldg., 306 N. Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo., specializing in the Correction of Eyesight, Eyestrain, and the proper Fitting of Glasses, will again be in

IRONTON, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, at the New Commercial Hotel, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. Any word may be left for him there.

Bismarck, Wednesday, July 12, Write for appointment.

Write for information or appointment.

NOTE.—Dr. Fuldner's visits to Ironton are on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.

—Adv

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1922.
A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists. Beware of cheap imitations.
—Advertisement.

NOTICE.

My ice house will be open from 5:00 A. M. to 6:00 A. M., from 11:30 A. M., to 12:30 noon, from 6:00 P. M. to 7:30 P. M. On Sunday from 6:00 A. M. to 7:30 A. M. sharp. F. BUECHENSCHUTZ.
Middlebrook, Mo., May 15, 1922.

What is Important.
It does not matter how many, but how good, books you have.—Seneca.